

# Alexandria Daily Advertiser.

MONDAY, OCTOBER 21, 1865.

[No. 1428.]

Vol. V.]

## Public Sale.

On TUESDAY next,

RUM

At 1 o'clock, will be sold at the Vendue Store, in hhd. and bls. French Brandy in pipes, Whiskey and Apple Brandy in bls. Sugar in hhd. tierces and bls.

Chocolate White and brown Soap and in boxes, Mustard and dip Candles, Raisins in kegs, boxes and jars, Eggs in kegs and crates, Queens Ware in crates, HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, &c. Also, A Variety of DRY GOODS,

among which are Cloths, Coatings, Kersemeres, Silks, Plains, Kerseys, Negro Cottons, Serge, Bladicks, blue Frizes, Calicoes, Russels, Yarn Stockings, Quizes and Calicoes, Irish Linens, Silks do. Gunburges and Ticklesburgs, Muslin and Muslin Handkerchiefs, India Mulls and Table Cloths, Bandanna Handkerchiefs, Colored Threads, Hats and sundry other goods.

Philip G. Merrell.

For LIVERPOOL—Direct.

THE SHIP UNITED STATES, An established REGULAR TRADER.

Part of her Cargo being ready, the remainder will be taken on moderate terms. For freight or passage, apply to Ricketts, Newton & Co.

October 15.

For Amsterdam—Direct.

THE SHIP ALEXANDRIA,

Capt. William Weston,

Will commence loading in two days, Three hundred heads Tobacco, of her cargo being ready, the remainder and small freight will be taken on moderate terms, with liberty of consignment, or if consigned to W. & J. Wilkins, liberal advance will be made in Bills on London or Amsterdam, or Cash at the Baltimore exchange. Apply to

Washington Bowie,

George Town, or

Lawson & Fowle,

Alexandria.

October 8.

For Freight, or Charter,

THE NEW SHIP RHODA & BETSEY,

ELIE TENN,

MASTER.

Porten 21 tons, she has performed only one voyage to Europe, is now in perfect health, order, commodious for passengers and a fast sailer, ready to be chartered here in a few days, on application to

John G. Ladd.

October 24.

Land and for sale at HARPER'S

Wharf, from the brig Economy, capt. Smith,

50 qr. casks of Malaga Wine,

1800 bushels Ground Alum Salt.

Apply on board, or to

JOHN G. LADD.

Oct. 7.

TUNIS CRVEN

HAS JUST RECEIVED,

8 puncheons Jamaa Rum, of a

superior quality.

15 puncheons, } New-Brand Rum.

30 barrels, } Which he will sell low, for cash or approved

negotiable notes.

August 26.

Wanted to Purchase,

50 well seasoned Locust Cedar Posts,

and 250 stout ChevalAILS.

Aug. 19. Apply to a Printer.

FOR SALE,

A likely Negro Boy, but 12 or

13 years old.

Enquire of the enter.

September 12.

For Liverpool, direct,

The fast sailing SHIP

WILLIAM AND JOHN,

Thomas Woodhouse, Master;

Intended as a constant trader. For freight or

part of the cargo, or passage, (having excellent accommodations) apply to the Master on board,

or to JAMES PATTON

October 12.

For Cowes and a Market,

The Ship Ann,

Captain BRADFORD.

A few hogheads of tobacco, and

casks or bags of coffee, will be

taken on board at a moderate

freight, and the usual advances

made it addressed to Messrs. Thomas Middleton

and Co. of London.

Robert T. Hooe & Co.

WHO HAVE FOR SALE,

A good assortment of German Lin-

en.

Oct. 8.

JANNEY & LLOYD,

Have received per ship United States, just arrived

A well assorted importation of

FALL GOODS,

Which are open and ready for SALE.

10th Nov. 18th

JOHN THOMPSON & SON

Have Imported in the United States, from Li-

verpool, a part of their

FALL GOODS,

And daily expect the remainder via Baltimore.

October 17.

JAMES RUSSEL,

Has imported per the UNITED STATES, captain

Speake, from Liverpool,

FALL GOODS.

October 15.

SPANISH HIDES.

2000 Spanish Hides just received

and for sale by

JOHN TUCKER.

WHO has on hand 70 hhd.

and 100 bbls. MUSCOVADO SUGAR entitled

to draw back, and GROCERIES as usual.

Oct. 16.

ALEXANDRIA, 7th Oct. 1865.

TAKE NOTICE.

I DO hereby caution and prohibit all persons

from hunting with dog or gun, on my estate

located on the Potomack river, between Alex-

andria and George-Town, and known by the

name of ARBONON. Those who are regardless

of this notice and persevere to trespass, may rely

on being prosecuted to the utmost extent of the

law—having employed a person to watch and in-

form against all trespassers in future.

Walter S. Alexander.

October 7.

TAVERN & OYSTER-HOUSE.

THE subscriber respectfully informs her friends

and the public at large that she has open-

ed A Tavern & Oyster House on Union Street—

Having good accommodations, and a number of

private apartments, where gentlemen may re-

gate themselves on the good things of this life—

the waiters herself by the assistance of her son,

in-law, that he will be able to give universal

satisfaction—Liquors of the best quality will be

laid in, and every attention paid by

Margaret Myers.

N. B. She has as usual PORTER

AND ALE.

October 15.

FOR SALE,

Or Barrier for Dry Goods,

A valuable Lot of Ground in fee

simple, situated at the corner of Prince and Pitt Streets,

in the town of Alexandria, with the improvements

thereon, consisting of one Brick and four Frame dwell-

ing houses, a particular description of which is unneces-

sary, as those inclined to bargain, it is presumed, will

best view the premises.

Also for Sale,

The STORE on Prince Street which I at present

occupy.

And to Rent, very low,

Till the 1st of October, 1866, a comfortable back

DWELLING HOUSE.

George Clementson.

October 7.

A few Copies of the American

Gardener, for sale by Robert Gray, in

King Street.

Elastic Suspenders,

Of various sorts, by the dozen or single pair, to be had of the Manufacturer, lower end of Prince Street, at reduced prices.

RICHARD HORWELL.

October 19.

JUST RECEIVED,

AND FOR SALE,

Twenty cases Claret.

William Hodgson.

October 15.

FOR SALE.

Eight cases low priced FELT HATS.

One box IRISH LINENS, real Cottons,

Ninety barrels BEEF,

Two pipes HOLLAND GIN,

One half pipe LONDON PAR,

Two gr. do. TIGULAR MADEIRA,

And a few Sacks of

Liverpool STOVED SALT.

William Hodgson.

October 2.

Just Received and for sale by

JOHN GRAY,

AT HIS

BOOK AND STATIONARY STORE,

KING STREET.

WRITING, wrapping, and tea paper,

quills of a superior quality, and a general

assortment of school books and stationery.

Just published and for sale as above,

The history of North and South America,

from its discovery to the death of general Wash-

ington, by Richard Snowden, esq. Price one

dollar.

October 11.

NOTICE.

BY authority of a deed of trust from

William Mitchell, deceased, to the subscri-

bers for the benefit of Samuel Craig, we shall on

the second Monday in November next, (eleventh)

expose to sale at public auction, a lot situated on

the south side of Duke Street, and to the west-

ward of Water Street, in the town of Alexandria,

extending in front on Duke Street, twenty seven

feet ten inches, in depth, ninety one feet six inches

to a ten feet alley. On the back part of the lot

is a well built and well finished two story brick

house, and a strong one story frame ware house

in front.

A part of the money will be expect-

ed down and a credit given for the balance, par-

ticulars will be made known on the day of sale.

Cleon Moore,

Chas. McKnight, } Trustees.

October 7.

Dissolution of Copartnership.

THE Copartnership hitherto subsisting under

the firm of Joseph Riddle & Co. of Alexandria,

was dissolved the first instant, by mutual con-

sent: All persons that are indebted to, or that

have claims on the same, are requested to come

forward and settle, as it is desirable to close the

concern as soon as possible. Those whose ac-

counts are of long standing are particularly re-

quested to attend to this notice, and make

payments to either of the subscribers.

JOSEPH RIDDLE,

Or Alexandria.

JAMES DALL,

Of Baltimore.

September 18.

JOSEPH RIDDLE

Has Received by the Ceres and other Ships lately

arrived at Baltimore, a considerable part

of his

FALL GOODS;

Which are now opening at his Store in Fairfax

Street, and daily expects an additional supply in

the United States from Liverpool.

September 23.

The Subscriber

Wishes to RENT or SELL, the following

Property, on King Street, viz,

THE CORNER STORE, lately occupied

by himself—the stand is equal to any in

town for a retail store, and will be rented very

cheap. Also, the HOUSE lately occupied by

Doctor Hall; the house is very convenient and

in good repair—this also will be rented a bar-

gain if applied for immediately. For terms, ap-

ply to

THOMAS RICHARDS,

or in his absence to Mrs. Haffon, living on the

premises.

August 8.

The highest price given for

clean Linen Rags, by the Printer of

this paper.

THE SUBSCRIBER

HAS JUST RECEIVED,

Per the UNITED STATES from LIVER-

POOL, a complete assortment of

Hardware and Cutlery, &c. &c.

Six Ton Power Shot offered,

Bar and Sheet LEAD.

Two pair elegant Knife Cases; one

dozen pair Brass Andirons, and a ge-

neral assortment of Crowley, German

and Blistered Steel.

The above articles will be sold low for Cash

or on the usual Credit.

O. P. FINLEY.

Oct. 16.

FOR SALE.

A few likely NEGROES.

For terms, apply to

BENJAMIN DULANY,

Who will offer at Public Sale, on the 1st of

November next, at his plantation near the

Folk Church,

All his Stock & Farming Utensils,

of every description;

On a credit of 6 months—the purchasers giving

bonds with good security for the payment.

September 5.

TEN DOLLARS REWARD.

Strayed or Stolen from Fairfax Court House,

on Saturday, the 12th inst.

A Dark Bay Horse;

Fourteen hands and a half high, ridge mane,

and bay tail, eight years old, blood all

round, and has some white on all his legs, his

hides are robbed with the Saddle Skirts—Walks

and trots well.

Thomas Steele.

Alexandria, October 18.

HOUSE AND LOTS for Sale

UPON POTOMACK;

Situated at the lower part, and within the li-

mits of the town of Alexandria.

The house is built in the cottage style,

calculated for the accommodation of a small fa-

mily, but is planned as to admit of considerable

enlargement without affecting its uniformity. It

commands a fine view of the river and its adja-

cent country. The garden, principally in front,

is rich and in high cultivation, extending to the

water, which it approaches by semi-circular falls.

The lot attached to the house is 63 feet fronting

upon Water Street, (corner of Jefferson Street)



## Latest Foreign Intelligence.

LONDON, August 27.

A considerable number of transports have been taken up by government within these few days, for the purpose, it is supposed, of conveying Russian troops to the Mediterranean, or to any other part of the continent where their appearance could operate as a diversion of the French armies.

The important fact that war with Austria is considered as inevitable, is communicated in a note in the *Moniteur* of the 16th. The English papers had announced the order of the British government to detain American ships, having cargoes on board not shipped from the United States. Upon that order the *Moniteur* observes in a note:—

"The commerce of one people prospered. Remote from Europe, strangers to the present war, that people were exercising the free industry which belongs to an independent state. England is at length tired of forgetting with respect to that people the naval superiority which enables her to oppress all nations and all seas, and the American trade is at length aimed at. Sugar and coffee have just formed a part of prohibited merchandise—it is quite as culpable in the eyes of England to convey sugar and coffee as arms and warlike ammunition. It is not sufficient that by corrupting some faithless ministers, she has imposed upon several powerful Princes a barbarous legislation—that she has dictated by menaces the same laws to weaker Princes, whose ministers she might disdain corrupting—she now places no limits to her violence. Nobody hereafter shall navigate but upon her account, and to sell her articles alone. And this order of things, so humiliating to all states, does not fix the attention of the powers of the world! It is that which England wished when she precipitated Russia into such false steps. So long as the northern powers had any sentiment of their commercial independence, the English were forced to keep within certain bounds; but when the Court of Petersburg, influenced by corrupt ministers, or directed by corrupting intriguers, carried its condescension so far as to give an official character to the most contemptible pamphlets, of the worst English Gazette writers, the Cabinet of London no longer doubted that its eyes were shut for a long time. When England thought too she was sure of Austria, whom she is precipitating into war by inducing her to make in the Tyrol and Italy armaments which cannot but be considered as the commencement of hostilities, she ceased to fear that any state would return to the sentiment of its dignity.—She threw off the mask immediately, and it is by the Americans that she has begun the application of her new pretensions. Oppressed Europe has but one reasonable desire to form, and ought to place its resources in one single hope, the re-establishment of the naval power of France. Before a few months are passed, the outrages done to the Commerce of nations, whose pacific dispositions were best known to England, will be quadrupled.—That is what Sweden will have prepared by her *Diatribes*; & her childish policy—that is what Austria will have gained, who shows herself so little jealous of the honor of her flag. Since the Venetians have displayed the Imperial Eagle, they have experienced more outrage than when they navigated under the fallen sign of the Lion of St Mark. The government of Venice was weak, it had reached the age of decrepitude, yet it still protected its commerce. But England has the fatal and temporary advantage of blinding all nations to their own interests. The more she oppresses the louder the cry against the oppression of France. Happily France does not suffer herself to be imposed upon by those cries—she knows the importance of them."

Travellers from Tyrol and Austrian Italy, speak with astonishment of the quantity of troops and waggons that block up all the roads. It is difficult for passengers to travel, so covered are the roads with soldiers and artillery.

The prices of corn are every where falling. In the London markets the prices of wheat having declined near twenty shillings per quarter within a fortnight; flour has fallen ten shillings per sack; and barley and oats are proportionably lower.

August 28.

The *Moniteur* gives the following intelligence dated Boulogne Aug. 13:

"Yesterday a brilliant action was fought between a small division of our flotilla and the English cruisers, which had been considerably reinforced.

Admiral Lacross sent out at noon a division of five prams, 30 gun-boats, and a

bout 40 pinnaces, armed with heavy howitzers. The lieutenant of the Navy, Coquard, commanding one of the gun boats of the guard, was at the head. Capt. Moras, who commanded the whole squadron, sailed out above two leagues to meet the enemy. On seeing this movement, one English ship of the line, two frigates, and about 30 brigs, ranged themselves in order of battle. The enemy tried several times to break our line, and threatened to run us down with his large ships, but seeing that this did by no means frighten our seamen, he did not perform it. The action was most brisk, and the whole camp and the town have had the pleasure to see the enemy fight retreating, and our little squadron pursuing him several leagues out at sea.

The frigates and ships of the enemy have received a number of shot, and an English brig has lost her main top mast.

For this time the English shall not say that our coast batteries have given us the victory, as the little squadron was two leagues and a half from shore. Our ships have received no damage.

The wind being very low, the sea calm, and the attack made with the greatest activity, the enemy had to fear the getting in to the midst of our line.

The ardour which animates our land and sea forces is calculated to ensure all manner of success. The ships and forts are not strong, unless men of courage make them so.

The Naval officers will certainly give an official account of this action.

The alarm was general on the English coast. At one o'clock several frigates, corvettes, and brigs got under way from Percy, below the Downs; at four, two ships of the line, two frigates, and one brig, sailed from the Downs; and lastly, in the evening, there were 60 vessels of the enemy in sight. It is by such engagements, that the flotilla acquires that confidence in its strength that prompts it in its movements, and exactness in its manœuvres, which will qualify it to act an important part in the events of our Naval wars.

August 29.

It is stated that sir Robert Calder, with his squadron, arrived off Ferrol on the 20th inst., seven days after the combined squadrons had left that port. We have not been able to ascertain whether he continued to watch that port, or whether he has proceeded in search of the enemy to the southward.

The arrangements between this country and Russia are, we are assured, already formed; and the first payment of the subsidy of the latter is now preparing to be sent to Petersburg. Great quantities of dollars are collecting for this purpose. Several of the cabinet ministers are now at Weymouth, with the king, in consequence of the very satisfactory nature of the last advices received from Russia. His majesty, we understand, means shortly to return to town.

August 30.

Some further dispatches were yesterday received at the admiralty from admiral Cornwallis, dated the 25th inst. At that time, the enemy had not made any fresh movements, nor had the gallant admiral received any advices of the combined fleets. We understand, however, that the dispatches state the arrival of admiral sir Robert Calder off Ferrol; and this circumstance gave rise to a report, which was industriously circulated in the course of the afternoon, that the combined fleet had again returned to Ferrol, where they were blockaded by the British squadron. The master of the Trimmer cartel, arrived at Portsmouth from Corunna, states, that when he left that port on the 20th, there was not a single ship of the line there. The day after he sailed, he fell in with the *Defiance*, one of sir Robert Calder's squadron, about seven leagues from Corunna. The former statement of our squadron having been off Ferrol on the 20th, appears, therefore, to have been correct.—The cartel neither saw nor heard any thing of the combined squadrons. It is the opinion of lord Nelson, that they may have got into Rochefort; but no certain information received. Had they steered direct for Brest, they would, in all probability, have fallen in with admiral Calder, and must have reached the port long before the date of admiral Cornwallis's last dispatch. It is therefore not unreasonable to suppose, that they must either have got into Rochefort or Ferrol, or proceeded to the southward, on their way to the Mediterranean.

Two Hamburg mails remain due. The intelligence which they may be expected to bring has, however, been already anticipated; and we repeat that a grand plan of continental co-operation is about to be adopted, the object of which is to restrain

and correct the present system of French perfidy and aggressions, inconsistent as it is with the tranquillity and safety of Europe. A spirited manifesto upon this subject is expected on the part of the confederate states, to precede the actual commencement of hostilities against the common disturber of mankind.

The affair of the 22d, between admiral Cornwallis, and the Brest fleet, was more serious than the Bulletin published by government, led us to suppose. The gallant admiral himself, in the *Ville de Paris*, led the van, and had nearly cut off the French rear Admiral. He was nobly supported by sir R. Strachan, in the *Cesar*, who requested permission, by signal, to range next to him in the line. The other ships principally engaged were, the *Naum*, Captain and Montague. The Captain had recently joined the fleet, and distinguished herself very much. Her fire was the most tremendous ever witnessed. She appeared one entire blaze. Part of a shell struck admiral Cornwallis upon the breast, but fortunately it did him no injury. The *Cesar* had three men killed and seven wounded. The *Ville de Paris* and the *Namur* had several wounded but none killed.—They received several shot in their hulls and sails. The French fleet only advanced just outside their batteries when the action commenced; yet, had they not tacked and ran back so soon, a general engagement must have ensued, several of them must have been taken. The enemy no doubt, suffered severely as our fleet were enabled to rake them. The *Montague*, captain Otway, followed them close in under their batteries, constantly exchanging shots with them.

By the fall of Rampoone, which we have already announced, the whole of Holkar's possessions, on the left bank of the Chumbul, have fallen into our hands. Colonel Murray commanded on this occasion, and the troops employed were the 2nd battalion of the 4th regiment, and the 86th. The garrison, after firing a few shots, retired to an adjoining hill, & the place was taken possession of without further resistance, and without any loss on our side.

PLYMOUTH, August 27.

The *Phoenix* has captured a French frigate of 44 guns, called the *Didon*, after an action of two hours and fifty minutes. The *Didon* was totally dismasted, & lost one hundred and twenty five men killed and wounded. The *Phoenix* had thirteen men killed and twenty one wounded. She must have been one of the lookout frigates of the combined fleets. The second lieutenant, Banton, was killed, and a lieutenant of marines badly wounded of the *Phoenix*. They are both hourly expected here.

NAPLES, August 2.

On Friday the 26th of July there was an earthquake in the greatest part of this kingdom, which was so violent, that since that of Calabria there has none been attended with similar devastation. In the city of Naples 300 houses have become uninhabitable, and upwards of 4000 are much damaged; 40 churches have been shaken to the very foundations. The number of persons who have perished by the fall of the buildings is not very great in a capital, but in some inland towns, which are entirely destroyed, the inhabitants have nearly all lost their lives.

The small town of Isernia, in the province of Molise, is nothing but a heap of ruins, and upwards of 1500 persons have perished there. At Campo Basso, and at Bajano, in the same province most of the inhabitants were destroyed. Avelino, Montesarchio, Benevento, and Aversa, have suffered amazingly. At Santa Maria de Capua (the ancient Capua) a whole company of cavalry were buried under the ruins of their barracks. At Caserta the upper stories of the houses tumbled down, and the fine palace is so much damaged, that it is feared it cannot stand.

The letters from Puglia and Calabria state those provinces have only experienced a slight shock. Since the 16th of July Naples presents a very unusual, and indeed a dreadful spectacle. All the inhabitants remain both night and day without their houses, in the plains and roads near the city. They have, during the time, slept in carriages, or on the bare ground. The general distress has risen to the highest pitch; and it is certain that if the earthquake had been followed by some more shocks, the whole city of Naples would have been destroyed. In the midst of the greatest destruction which has taken place ever since that moment, the highest public order has been preserved, thanks to the vigilance and courage of the Duke Ascoli, Chief Intendant of the general police. The Barzaroni have not committed a single robbery or murder.

NEW-YORK, October 18.

The ship John Morgan arrived at this port last evening in 39 days from Liverpool, and captain Howard has favored the editor of the *Mercantile Advertiser* with a file of London papers and Lloyd's Lists to the 3d of September, being 4 days later than before received on the continent. Owing to the late hour at which the ship arrived, we have only time to give a few of the leading articles in this morning's paper.

London, August 31.

Price of Stocks this day at one o'clock.  
Consols 58 1/4 3/4—Reduced 59—Omanium 31 2.

September 2.

At length we are able to put an end to the suspense which the public has for some time felt with respect to the combined fleets.

Captain Blackwood, of the *Euryalus* frigate arrived this morning at the admiralty with dispatches. His ship had been sent from Cork to lord Nelson; but missing him, proceeded to admiral Collingwood, off Cadiz. The dispatches state, that the combined fleets, consisting of 27 sail of the line, arrived at Cadiz on the 20th ult. Admiral Collingwood, of course, did not with his four sail of the line venture to oppose them: they chased him for a short time before they entered Cadiz. As soon, however, as they had got in he returned to his station, and re-anchored with his four sail of the line off the harbor. On the 24th the *Euryalus* fell in with sir R. Calder's fleet, within 20 leagues of Cadiz, so that he would in all probability join admiral Collingwood the next day, and the blockade of Cadiz would then be effectually resumed. Admiral Bickerton is at Gibraltar with his six sail of the line, and the Carthage fleet remain in port. Admiral Bickerton will be able to prevent their junction with the combined fleets should they attempt it.

Bonaparte continued at Boulogne on the 19th; but our Dover correspondent informs us that he has since left it, and that the number of troops and tents is much less than it was. We dare say part of the army has been sent to the Rhine.

A Gottenburgh mail this morning, has brought the following article of importance:

St. Petersburg, August 15.

The greatest warlike preparations are making in all parts of the Russian Empire; a messenger left this city yesterday for England, who it is reported is the bearer of the treaty concluded between Russia, Sweden, and England; it is also said that the Prussian minister will leave this capital to-day or to-morrow. M. Novoziltzoff is not yet arrived.

Just as the combined fleet sailed for Ferrol, eight large American ships under convoy of two armed ships, sailed from Nantes for Cadiz, laden with salt beef, pork and biscuit; the *Colpoys* brig fell in with them in the night, captured two, the rest separated, and got between the isle of Dieu, and the main.

We stop the press to announce the arrival of a second express at the Admiralty, with dispatches stating that the combined fleet, after arriving at Cadiz had again put to sea, following a northerly course. As we have more than once had occasion to notice the course steered leaving port, proves nothing respecting the real destination of a fleet: it is in very case necessary to gain an offing, and besides a false course is often followed to deceive an adversary, till darkness enables them to alter it with less chance of detection.

We lately mentioned, that the harvest has proved so abundant in Spain, that foreign corn had fallen three hundred per cent. Accounts from Cadiz of the 3d of August state, that there were upwards of 40,000 barrels of American flour in the harbor, for which no sale could be obtained, although offered at a prime cost.

Lord Keith has returned from the Texel, in the *Edgar* seventy four guns. It is said that the less appearance than formerly of an intention on the part of the Dutch fleet to go to sea.

A Spanish privateer commanded by an American, named Hooper, has captured a ship of four hundred tons, from Liverpool, for New York and a Dutch brig from N. York for the West Indies; as also a Bermudian vessel and some others.

The following is an exact copy of the orders issued by the gallant admiral Cornwallis, at one o'clock on the evening preceding this movement of the enemy in Brest:

"MEMO.

"Thomson in chief means to attack the enemy to-morrow morning, and will lead the line of battle in the

Ville de Paris.  
board this ship.  
appears most advanced  
detail of their fleet.

(Signed)  
Ville de Paris

Ad.  
Copy of a letter from  
Admiral Cornwallis  
to William  
board his major  
off Ushant, the

Sir, I HAVE

to be communicated  
orders of the admiral  
received by the  
joined me yesterday  
pleasure in sending  
part of the account  
of captain B.

an conspicuous in  
frigate of superior  
power and that of his  
must have seconded  
manner upon  
honor to be, &c.

(Signed)  
V.

Monday, Aug.  
bearing about east  
seen leagues, fell in  
Phoenix, having a  
in tow, which she  
instant, in lat. 43°

three hours. The  
she is the *Didon* of  
was detached on  
a few hours  
gunna, and was cri  
fall in with her.

(Signed)  
P.

Dragon, off Ush

Arrived this d  
John and Alice, c  
holt, 35 days pass  
the *Veous*, of 36 g  
has at some dista  
racket of 20 guns,  
day before for sev  
could not come u

The Prince of  
on the 14th inst.  
Prince de Paix, c  
and 220 men after  
captain and his su  
packet for Vigo;  
were put on board  
master, surgeon,  
Pauzanee yester

Passed the A  
of and from Phil  
Haines; they had  
combined fleet,  
East Indian.

The following  
M. Frony at Ve  
paper printed at  
M. Frony, Inspe  
and Roads, and  
year; the proced  
monies in this s  
there is no exan  
ons not at war w  
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the condescensio  
same Police who  
with Italian cons  
to escape the l  
camps which are  
the order to prov  
to press forward  
Venetian states  
those marches a  
Austrian troops  
to justify, if thes  
more of an appr  
Emperor of Au  
should ourselves  
if we could imag  
ria to be so de  
more to compro  
people and his c  
Yet it is v  
England may m  
direct the cabin  
the last campin  
our Emperor au  
the Sovereigns  
the most sacred



NEW YORK, October 18.  
John Morgan arrived at this  
morning in 39 days from Liver-  
pool. Howard has favored the  
Mercantile Advertiser with  
papers and Lloyd's Lists  
September, being 4 days later  
received on the continent. On  
the hour at which the ship ar-  
rived only time to give a few  
articles in this morning's pa-  
per.

LONDON, August 31.  
This day at one o'clock.  
4 5 8—Reduced 55—Om.

September 2.  
able to put an end to  
which the public has for some  
respect to the combined

wood, of the Euryalus  
this morning at the admiralty.  
His ship had been sent  
ord Nelson; but missing  
to admiral Collingwood,  
dispatches state, that the  
consisting of 27 sail of  
at Cadiz on the 20th ult.  
wood, of course, did not  
sail of the line venture to  
they chased him for a short  
entered Cadiz. As soon  
y had got to be returned to  
re-anchored with his four-  
ff the harbor. On the 24th  
cel in with sir R. Calder's  
leagues of Cadiz, so that  
probability join admiral  
e next day, and the block-  
ould then be effectually re-  
al Bickerton is at Gibraltar  
of the line, and the Car-  
remain in port. Admiral  
able to prevent their junc-  
combined fleets should they

continued at Boulogne on the  
Dover correspondent in-  
has since left it, and that  
troops and tents is much  
We dare say part of the  
ent to the Rhine.  
h mail this morning, has  
following article of import-

Petersburg, August 15.  
warlike preparations are  
ts of the Russian Empire;  
ft this city yesterday for  
is reported is the bearer of  
ded between Russia, Swe-  
d; it is also said that the  
r will leave this capital to-  
y. M. Novoziltzoff is not

combined fleet sailed for Fer-  
American ships under com-  
ships, sailed from Nant  
with salt beef, pork and  
lpoys brig fell in with them  
ured two, the rest separat-  
een the Isle of Dieu, and

ess to announce the arriv-  
express at the Admiralty,  
sating that the combined  
g at Cadiz had again put  
a no therly course. As  
a once had occasion to  
ered leaving port, proves  
the real destination of  
very case necessary to  
besides a false course is  
decide an adversary, till  
them to alter it with less

entined, that the harvest  
undant in Spain, that fo-  
falls three hundred per  
from Cadiz of the 3d of  
at hire were upwards of  
of American flour in the  
to sale could be obtain-  
d at a prime cost.  
returned from the Tex-  
seventy four guns. It  
is less appearance than  
nition on the part of the  
to sea.

teer commanded by an  
Hooper, has captured a  
ed tons, from Liverpool,  
a Dutch brig from N.  
Judies; as also a Ber-  
some others.  
an exact copy of the or-  
gallant admiral Corn-  
lock on the evening pre-  
ement of the enemy in

MEMO.  
er in chief means to at-  
tomorrow morning, and  
e line of battle in the

de Paris. Each ship is to attack or  
board that ship of the enemy which ap-  
pears most advantageous for the general  
defeat of their fleet, and of bringing them  
into our hands.

(Signed) "N. NUGENT."  
Ville de Paris, Aug. 21, 1805.

Admiralty office, Aug. 31.  
Copy of a letter from the honorable Wil-  
liam Cornwallis, Admiral of the White,  
to William Marsden, esq. dated on  
board his majesty's ship Ville de Paris,  
off Ushant, the 24th instant.

I HAVE the honor to send you,  
to be communicated to the lords Commis-  
sioners of the admiralty, a copy of informa-  
tion received by the Dragon, which ship  
sailed yesterday. I have particular  
pleasure in sending their lordships that  
part of the account in which the gallant con-  
duct of captain Baker, of the Phoenix, is  
so conspicuous in taking the Didon French  
frigate of superior force so much to his hon-  
or and that of his officers and men, who  
must have seconded him in the most spirit-  
ed manner upon that action. I have the  
honor to be, &c.

(Signed) W. CORNWALLIS.

Monday, August 13, Cape Ortegal  
beating about east south east, fifteen or six-  
teen leagues, fell in with his majesty's ship  
Phoenix, having a dismasted French frigate  
along, which she had captured on the 10th  
instant, in lat. 43, deg. 15 min. N. long.  
13deg. 14 min. W. after a severe action of  
three hours. The name of the French fri-  
gate is the Didon of 44 guns, and 300 men.  
She was detached from the combined squad-  
ron a few hours after their arrival at Co-  
rreia, and was cruising when the Phoenix  
fell in with her.

(Signed) EDW. GRIFFITHS.  
Dragon, off Ushant, Aug. 22.

FALMOUTH, Aug. 30.  
Arrived this day, the American ship  
John and Alice, captain Baker, from Nor-  
folk, 35 days passage with tobacco; spoke  
the Venus, of 36 guns, at which time there  
was some distance from her a ship pri-  
vateer of 20 guns, which she had chased the  
day before for several hours, but which she  
could not come up with.

The Prince of Wales packet was taken  
on the 14th inst. in lat. 43, long. 13, by La  
Princesse de Paix of 24 long nine pounders,  
and 230 men after a chase of 22 hours; the  
captain and his steward were sent in the  
packet for Vigo; the remainder of the crew  
were put on board two neutral vessels; the  
cater, surgeon, and 12 men arrived at  
Pontevedre yesterday morning.

DOVER, September 1.  
Passed the Amelia, captain Matthews,  
and from Philadelphia, and landed Mr.  
Haines; they had not seen any thing of  
the combined fleet, or our homeward bound  
East Indiamen.

PARIS, August 18.  
The following article upon the arrest of  
Mr. Prony at Venice, is extracted from a  
paper printed at Milan:—"The arrest of  
Mr. Prony, Inspector General of Bridges  
and Roads, and of his companion M. Cos-  
tanzo, the procedures of the Austrian com-  
missionaries in this scandalous affair, of which  
there is no example in the history of na-  
tions not at war with each other; the im-  
pudent tone with which they dismissed the  
commissary general of commercial rela-  
tions—that superintendence of the police so  
exact, severe, and shameful, which is ex-  
ercised over the subjects of the French em-  
pire and of the kingdom of Italy, who are  
called to Venice by business or curiosity;  
the condescension and inactivity of that  
same Police when it has any thing to do  
with Italian conscripts crossing the Adige  
to escape the levy; the three Austrian  
camps which are to be formed near Padua;  
the order to provision all the fortresses and  
to press forward the conscription in the  
Venetian states in Istria and Dalmatia;  
those marches and countermarches of the  
Austrian troops beyond the Adige, appear  
to justify, if these facts be correct, the ru-  
mor of an approaching war between the  
Emperor of Austria and France. We  
should ourselves be tempted to believe it  
if we could imagine the Emperor of Aus-  
tria to be so devoid of prudence as once  
more to compromise the happiness of his  
people and his crown.  
Yet it is very true that the gold of  
England may mislead some of those who  
direct the cabinets of the continent; but  
the last campaigns, and the examples of  
the Emperor and King ought to convince  
the Sovereigns of Europe that it is one of  
the most sacred of their duties to manage

their affairs themselves, instead of abandon-  
ing them to men who, on these extremely  
important questions, have no other motive  
than the passion of hatred, and the thirst  
of gold.

"The Court of Vienna will act as it  
pleases; peace subsists—if Austria disturb  
it, if she fire the first cannon, or if by these  
procedures she obliges the Emperor of the  
French to fire it the first, do we think that  
war will end so soon? and would the treaty  
which would this time be signed at Vienna,  
be durable or not?"

PHILADELPHIA, October 19.  
Captain Brown, of the ship Pittsburg,  
from Tonnigen, whose arrival we men-  
tioned yesterday, left there the 18th July  
ship Onedia Chief, and General Wayne,  
from New York; the Phoenix, captain  
Coming from Salem, Mas; the Rochie,  
captain Blacker from Marblehead; Eolus,  
of Portsmouth N. H. from Charleston, S.  
C. to sail about the middle of August,  
with passengers for Philadelphia; schr.  
Union, of Yarmouth Mas. about the 1st of  
August, with passengers for N. Y; brig  
Catherine, Lawrence, with passengers for  
the United States; Harriot, Giles, of Be-  
verly, from New-Orleans, up for charter;  
brig Thetis, Dockendorff, of Bristol, Mas.  
from Charleston; ship Romulus, Nicker-  
son, of Boston, from Copenhagen, and the  
Baltic, laying at Frederickstad, to sail in  
a few days; ship Bacchus, Groom, of and  
from Baltimore; brig Helen Cole, of and  
for Marblehead, to sail in 25 days; ship  
Ruby, Shaw, from Charleston, via. Lon-  
don; ship Good Hope, G. Wood, of and  
from Salem, sailed from Frederickstad,  
through Categot on the 12th of July; the  
brig Justineau, of Boston, was lying be-  
low; and on the 26th of July he left the  
brig Catherine, captain Cheevers, of Salem,  
from the Havanna, laying in the Eydes.

Arrived the ship Little Cherub, captain  
Bruton, from Astern. Sailed from the  
Texel the 1st September, in company with  
six American vessels, names unknown ex-  
cept the ship Matilda, Thompson, for N.  
York. Left at Amsterdam, August 19,  
ships Hero, Clark, for New York, in four  
days; Magnet, Bowles, for do. uncertain;  
Union, Johnson, for do. in seven; Eliza  
Ann, Thompson, for do. in six; Thetis,  
Grogart, for do. in three; William, Moore,  
for do. in ten; Hercules, Parsons, for Bos-  
ton, in ten; Nancy, Hodge, for Newbury-  
port, in fourteen—Brigs Hannah, Mitchell,  
for do. in eight; Industry, Stone, for do.  
in twelve; Truxton, of Boston, for Cadiz,  
in three; Betsey, Goddard, for Boston,  
first wind; William and Mary, Easterby,  
from Charleston, just arrived; Commerce,  
Toppa, of Newburyport, for Lisbon in  
twelve. The ship Harmony, Hopkins;  
and Thomas Packson, had just arrived  
from New York, via. Yarmouth, England.  
—Sept. 5, off the Isle of Wight, spoke  
the ship Richmond, of Philadelphia, for  
Amsterdam, from Falmouth, Eng. where  
she had been detained 30 days. Sept. 21,  
in lat. 43 long. 24, 30, spoke a new ship  
from Philadelphia; it blowing hard, could  
not learn her name, nor where bound.  
October 1, lat. 38, 54, long. 49, 38, spoke  
ship Philipsburg, of New-York, from N.  
Orleans, bound to Bordeaux, out 40 days.

Captain Kennedy, of the Intrepid, from  
Cavaus (whose arrival we mentioned yester-  
day) left there, Sept. 29, the schooner  
Three-Friends, Kendrick, of and for Bos-  
ton, in 10 days; brig Jason, Palmer, of  
Philadelphia, last from Liverpool, bound  
to New-Orleans, detained by a French and  
Spanish privateer, on suspicion of being  
British property; captain at Havanna, ex-  
pecting every day the decision of the court  
in his favor. The brig is plundered of most  
of the cargo on board. The brig Commode  
Barry, Meade, of Philadelphia, was at  
Havanna the 27th September, to sail in  
3 days for Philadelphia; and brig Smilax,  
Remington, just arrived from Philadelphia.  
At Mariel September 28, brig Ann, Lord,  
of Philadelphia, that day arrived, expect-  
ed to be dispatched in 10 days for Phi-  
ladelphia; Agnes, Bowen, of and for  
Providence (R. I.) in 40 days. A number  
of other vessels at Mariel, waiting for  
molasses, which, as well as sugar, very  
scarce; names of which were unknown.  
October 4, Cape Florida S. W. 10 leagues,  
spoke the ship Sally, Asby, of New York,  
19 days from New-Orleans for Liverpool,  
all well: Next day saw the same ship, clear  
of the Gulf passage.

FALL GOODS.  
CUTHBERT POWELL,  
has imported per the United States, from Li-  
verpool,  
FALL GOODS.  
October 16. ediwazaw

## Alexandria Daily Advertiser.

MONDAY, OCTOBER 21.

The brig Washington, captain Crow-  
hill, of this port, with stores for the squa-  
dron in the Mediterranean, has been cap-  
tured by the Spaniards and carried into Al-  
gesiras.

### INTERESTING.

A letter from an American gentleman,  
dated Bristol, (Eng.) August 29, 1805, to  
his correspondent in Boston, says: "Aus-  
tria has declared war against France!"  
"You may be at a loss what course to pur-  
sue with—(a certificate vessel) as res-  
pects her coming to this country. Yet from  
the correspondence between me, or rather  
on my part with the great men in office, you  
will be able to judge how she stands. I  
conceive that the seizure was made of her,  
as well as others at the same time, on the  
ground that no act had been passed by the  
congress of the United States, to meet that  
of Great Britain, continuing the treaty in  
full force on her part for one year, ending  
on the first of June, 1806. From private  
conversation with our charge d'affaires in  
London, there appears little inclination on  
the part of the American government for  
its renewal; and perhaps the seizures were  
made to induce our minister to represent  
such necessity."

A letter, received yesterday morning  
per the Little Cherub, dated Amsterdam,  
August 21, says "News of a very warlike  
nature is just received from Paris. A rup-  
ture between France and Austria is inevita-  
ble." (Phil. pap.)

Extract of a letter from Mr. Barnabas Mul-  
ford, jun. supercargo of the brig William,  
Benjamin Thompson, master, to his own-  
ers in New Haven, dated city of St. Do-  
mingo, Aug. 20, 1805.

"I sailed from St. Croix July 23, for  
home. After being at sea 6 days, in lat. 25.  
30, long. 68, N. the William was boarded  
by the French privateer Recourse, captain  
Journan, who ordered captain T. with his  
papers on board. After captain T. got on  
board the privateer, a prize master and 3  
men armed with pistols and cutlasses, came  
on board the William, where they began to  
break open chests, trunks, lockers, &c. in  
search for papers, and took from me every  
piece in my possession, and abused me  
shamefully.

We were boarded on the 29th at 6 A. M.  
and detained until 4 P. M. when the second  
mate and myself were ordered on board the  
ship Hebe, of Hamburg, commanded by  
captain Hartcup, prize to the above men-  
tioned privateer, and the William ordered  
for Samana, in the Island of St. Domingo.  
merely because I had not a certificate to  
certify that the sugar on freight was not  
English property: At which place I arrived  
on the 13th August, and found the Wil-  
liam waiting for me. After continuing  
there six days, among a rascally set of pi-  
rates, captain Thompson, of the William;  
captain Ray, of the brig Neptune, of Phi-  
ladelphia; captain Hartcup, of the ship  
Hebe, and myself, set out for the city of  
St. Domingo, for trial, where we arrived  
after travelling 4 days (distance 70 miles)  
through woods, mountains, and swamps;  
sleeping on the ground three nights at the  
risk of our lives; but thank God, we are  
here safe. Mr. Walton, an American gen-  
tleman, who acts as American consul,  
gives us his opinion that there is not the  
least doubt but we shall be cleared. Our  
trial will not come on short of three weeks,  
as the interpreter has the papers of four  
vessels to translate previous to ours. The  
brig William has been regularly cleared  
from every port she has been at, and not a  
sixpence worth of English property on  
board; but the governor, being concerned  
in the privateer, they will condemn her if  
they possibly can."

The Lively British frigate, capt. Ham-  
mond, for the capture of the four Spanish  
frigates with specie, has been awarded for  
her share £200,000 sterling.

CHARLES SLADE,  
Has received by the ship United States, a ge-  
neral assortment of  
HARDWARE,  
Which he offers for sale on very moderate terms,  
for cash or produce, or on his usual credit  
To Punctual Customers:  
—HAS ALSO ON HAND—  
A few Franklin and Close Stoves of different  
sizes—and Stove Grates of different patterns—  
And continues to keep an assortment of the best  
Cotton and Wool Cards, Bar, Iron, Steel, and Cut  
Nails, &c. &c.  
Oct. 21. dgt.

## For NEW-YORK,

The Sloop Maria,

Now laying at Rinty's wharf.

For freight or charter, apply to

the Captain on board.

John Duffnall.

October 23.

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### SALE AT VENDUE.

TO MORROW, at 10 o'clock, will be sold  
at the Vendue Store, for the benefit of the un-  
derwriters,

CE. No. 7, Part of a bale of Broadcloths,  
No. 2, 1 bale of Kerseys.  
LL. No. 4, 1 bale of Coatings,  
No. 19, 1 bale of Forest Cloths.  
A. No. 4, 1 do. Duff Blankets.  
One ton of Sheet Iron.  
Damaged on board the ship United States,  
Captain Sprake, on her passage from Liverpool,  
P. G. Marteller, V. M.  
October 21.

### JOHN WATTS,

Fairfax Street, opposite Mr. JOHN JANNET's, has  
received via Baltimore,

A handsome assortment of

### FALL & WINTER GOODS,

Which he will sell low for cash, or on short cred-  
it, to punctual customers.

Superfine Cloths and Cassimers,  
Woolen Velveteen,  
Patent Cord and Patent Cord Waistcoating,  
Fancy Molesters and Floristines,  
Silk Plush and Velvets,  
Sewing Silk, Twist and Thread,  
Leno and Dragona Mull Cloaks,  
Gentlemen's White and Black Silk Hose,  
Do. do. do. Gloves,  
Do. do. Spun do.  
Do. Y. Rk Fur and D. rhine do.  
Ladies' White and Black Hosiery,  
Do. Extra long Silk Gloves and Mitts,  
Do. do. Work, Leather & Riding Gloves,  
Sattins, Lutefringes and Perfumers,  
Lutefring and Sattin Ribbons,  
Laces and Edgings,  
London Hats,  
Rose and Duff Blankets,  
Silk Rugs and Caddows,  
Carpets and Carpeting,  
German Oilcloths,  
Dowlaxes and Bedticking,  
Silk and Cotton Suspenders,  
Imperial and Young Hyson Teas,  
Clover and Seine Twines, &c. &c.  
Oct. 21. eod.

### ADAM LYNN,

Has received per the United States, from Liver-  
pool, a handsome assortment of Jewellery,  
Plated Goods, Toppa and Hardware, which  
he offers for sale, viz.

Gold locket-rings, ear-rings, seals,  
&c.

Plated castors, candlesticks, bread-trays, cof-  
fee and tea pots, sugar dishes, japanned tea-  
trays, in sets.

Bread and knife trays, snuffer trays, cannis-  
ters, tea caddies, plated Suwarrow spurs, pow-  
der flasks, and shot belts, marking types and  
Reeves's colors, in boxes.

Shovels and tongs, green wire and common  
fenders, Bellows, hearth brushes.

Elegant Sattin Wood Knife Cases, of a new  
fashion.

Derbyshire Sparr Chimney Ornament,

Pocket Pistols and Dirks,

Knives, Forks, Pen-knives, Scissors, &c. &c.

A few 1st Elegant Cut Glass Desert Dishes,  
Silver ware and Jewelry made to order as u-  
sual.

Oct. 21. eod.

### House and Lot for Sale.

I WISH to sell, my BRICK HOUSE and  
LOTT, on King Street, between Pitt and  
St. Asaph Street—Dry Goods will be taken in  
payment. As the situation is central, and the  
house nearly new, and sufficient to accommodate  
a large family, and completely fitted up for a  
store in front, with other convenient houses back,  
I think it needless to say more, because whoever  
may wish to purchase will see and judge for them-  
selves. If not sold in a few days, I will rent  
said property for one or more years as can be a-  
greed on.

William Halley.

October 21.

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### A Sale of Land by Auction.

DESIROUS of paying some debts which the  
shortness of my crops the last and present  
year has prevented me from doing, I will sell,  
at public auction, on the third MONDAY in  
next month, at Fairfax Court House, at one  
o'clock in the afternoon, a TRACT of LAND  
in Prince William, laying on Bull Run, near  
its confluence with Occoquan; contains, by pa-  
tent, 260 acres.

The terms of sale will be—One-half the mo-  
ney in hand, when a deed with a general war-  
ranty to the purchaser will be made—the other  
half in a year on bond with interest from its date.  
As a security for the full payment a mortgage on  
the land will be required. Such as incline to  
purchase will, no doubt, view the land, which  
will be thrown by a Mr. Thomas and Jesse Wood-  
yard and a Mr. Stuart, who are tenants on the  
premises.

T. BLACKBURN.

Rippon Lodge, October 9. 11 wvlf



**JAMES KENNEDY, SEN.**  
**KING STREET.**

RESPECTED LIVES inform the public that he has received from L.B. & Co's Patent and Family Medicine Store, New-York, a fresh assortment of the following

**Valuable Medicines.**

Which are in high esteem and general use throughout the United States, many of them being sold cheaper than the drugs of which they are compounded could be purchased at a retail store.

**TAKE NOTICE**

That J. Kennedy, Sen. is appointed the *subagent* for ALEXANDRIA.

**DR. HAMILTON'S ELIXIR.**

A sovereign remedy for Colds, Obsolete Coughs, Asthma, Catarrhs, Sore Throats, and approaching Consumption.

To Parents who have children afflicted with the HOOPING COUGH.

This discovery is of the first magnitude, as it is an immediate relief, checks the progress, and in a short time entirely removes the most cruel disorder to which children are liable. The Elixir is so perfectly agreeable and the dose so small, that no difficulty arises in taking it.

From LUTHER MARTIN, Esq. Attorney-General of the State of Maryland.

Gentlemen,

I comply with your request in stating my opinion of Hamilton's Elixir. It has been used in my family for two or three years past, with uniform success, whenever colds, coughs, or similar complaints have rendered medicine necessary. I have myself found it an excellent and agreeable remedy for a very painful and troublesome affection of the breast, accompanied with soreness and with obstructed and difficult breathing.

On these accounts I do not hesitate to recommend Hamilton's Elixir, as a valuable medicine, and deserving particular attention.

**LUTHER MARTIN.**

Mr. Abijah Henry, Bridge-street, Baltimore, was cured by one bottle of Hamilton's elixir of a very complicated disorder, occasioned by a severe cold caught several months ago. He breathed with the greatest difficulty, and was often thrown into weakening sweats when he attempted to walk any distance, and his voice would frequently fail in such a degree that he could only attempt to whisper: he has been upwards of six weeks without a return of his complaints and desires to give this public testimony in favor of his invaluable medicine.

**Dr. Hamilton's**

**GRAND RESTORATIVE,**

Is recommended as an invaluable medicine, for the speedy relief and permanent cure of the various complaints which result from dissipated pleasures—juvenile indiscretions—residence in climates unfavorable to the constitution—the immoderate use of tea, frequent intoxication, or any other destructive intemperance—the untimely or excessive use of mercury—the diseases peculiar to females at a certain period of life—bad lyings in, &c. &c.

And is proved by long and extensive experience to be absolutely unparalleled in the cure of

Nervous Disorders,	Violent cramps in the
Consumptions,	stomach and back,
Lowness of spirits,	Indigestion,
Loss of appetite,	Melancholy,
Impurity of the blood,	Gout in the stomach,
Hysterical affections,	Pains in the limbs,
Inward weakness,	Relaxations,
Seminal weakness,	Involuntary emissions,
Fluoribus (or whites),	Obtinate gleets,
Barrenness,	Impotency, &c. &c.

In cases of extremity, where the long prevalence and obstinacy of disease has brought on a general impoverishment of the system, excessive debility of the whole frame, and a wasting of the flesh, which no nourishment or cordial could repair, a perseverance in the use of this medicine has performed the most astonishing cures.

**HAMILTON'S ESSENCE AND EXTRACT OF MUSTARD,**

A safe and effectual remedy for gout, rheumatism, palsy, sprains, bruises, pains in the face and neck, &c. And has performed more cures in the above complaints than all the other medicines ever before made public.

From Dr. Weatherburn,

Wythe county, Virginia.

GENTLEMEN,

I purchased at your shop the preparations you call Hamilton's Essence, or Extract of Mustard, which I believe has perfectly removed a chronic rheumatism (of that kind named sciatica, or of the hip joint) under which I had labored for a long time, and which had baffled every article in the Materia Medica, and every mode of treatment received into practice for the cure of this obstinate disease. If you think this letter useful you are at liberty to make it public.

Yours, &c.

**W. WEATHERBURN.**

John Hoover, rope maker, South Second Street, between Mary and Christian Streets, Philadelphia, voluntarily makes oath as follows, namely,

That his wife, Mary Hoover, was so severely afflicted with a violent rheumatism, very dangerously situated, the consequence of a severe cold after lying in, as to be confined to her bed for several weeks, and was at length reduced to the melancholy apprehension of remaining a cripple for life, notwithstanding the most respectable medical advice was followed, and every probable remedy attempted: when seeing several cures performed by Hamilton's Essence and Extract of Mustard, they were procured from Mr. Birch, No. 17, South Second Street. The first application enabled her to walk across the room, and the use of one bottle restored her to her usual state of health and strength.

**JOHN HOOVER.**

Sworn and subscribed before

EBENEZER FERGUSON, Esq.

One of the justices of the peace for Philadelphia county.

**HAMILTON'S**

**WORM DESTROYING LOZENGES,**

Which have within four years past cured upwards of one hundred and twenty thousand persons of both sexes, of every age, and in every situation, of various dangerous complaints arising from worms, and from obstructions or foulness in the stomach and bowels. At this medicine bears no analogy whatever of similar title, so commonly complained of as operating with violence, on the contrary, a particular excellence of this and every thing being suited to every age and constitution, and contains nothing but what is perfectly innocent, and is

so mild in its operation that it cannot injure the most delicate pregnant lady, or the tender infant of a week old, should no worms exist in the body, but will, with but pain or griping, cleanse the stomach and bowels of whatever is foul or offensive, and thereby prevent the production of worms and many other disorders. They are particularly efficacious in carrying off all gross humors and corruptions; feverish and bilious complaints, and the safest and mildest purgative that can be used on the occasion.

**Description of Worms, and the symptoms by which they are known.**

Worms which infest the human body, are chiefly of four kinds, viz. the large or large round worm, the Ascarides, or small round worm, the Cucurbitaria, or short flat, white worm, and lastly, the Tænia, or tape worm, so called from its resemblance to tape; this is often many yards long, and is full of joints—it is most hurtful and most difficult to cure.

Among the symptoms attending worms, are disagreeable breath, especially in the morning—Bad and corrupted gums—itching in the nose and about the seat—Convulsions and epileptic fits, and sometimes privation of speech—Starting and grinding of the teeth in sleep—Irregular appetite, sometimes losing food, and sometimes voracious—Purgings, with slimy and foetid stools—Vomiting—Large and hard belly—Pains and sickness at the stomach—Pains in the head and thighs, with lowness of spirits—Slow fever, weak small and irregular pulse—A dry cough—Excessive thirst—Sometimes pale and unhealthy countenance, and sometimes the face bloated and flushed.

Persons afflicted with any of the above symptoms should have immediate recourse to Hamilton's worm destroying lozenges, which have been constantly attended with success in all complaints similar to those above described.

A dose of this medicine given occasionally during the warm season will effectually prevent the vomiting and purging of children, a dreadful disorder which annually destroys thousands of the infant part of our cities. It is likewise the simplest and most certain remedy known and has restored to health and strength a great number when in advanced stages of this fatal complaint. Particular and plain instructions are given for every part of the necessary treatment in such cases.

Children generally take this medicine with eagerness, having a pleasing appearance, and an agreeable taste.

**CASES OF CURES—**

By Hamilton's

**WORM DESTROYING LOZENGES,**

(Selected from thousands) the authenticity of which any person may ascertain either by letter or personal application.

**TAPE WORM.**

Mr. SAMUEL FULLER, Inn keeper, on the Harford road, ten miles from Baltimore, began about twenty months ago to be grievously afflicted with a tape worm, which increased fast in size and strength, so as to excite the most horrid sensations by his writhing motions and intolerable pains, resembling the gnawing and tearing of his bowels, which deprived him of his necessary sleep, and caused such dreadful apprehensions as cannot be conceived but by one in a similar situation—his appetite wasted rapidly, and with that his strength, so that he was unable to attend to any business—when he heard of some excellent cures performed by Hamilton's worm lozenges, he took a large dose, which brought away about FOUR YARDS of the worm (now in the possession of Lee, & Co.) but a renewal of his pains soon convinced him that this monstrous reptile had recovered its first vigor—Application was made to Lee & Co. for more of their medicine, with their advice, from which refused the total expulsion of his formidable enemy, in several pieces, which he supposed to be SIX or EIGHT YARDS more. A few months have since elapsed, and Mr. Fuller is now in perfect health. The above facts are well known to a numerous circle of his neighbors, and himself will gladly give any who wish to make further inquiries on the subject. Although Hamilton's worm lozenges produce such powerful effects, when necessary, yet they are perfectly innocent and mild in their operation on the human body, even taken in large doses, as Mr. Fuller will testify—their particular mildness is abundantly evident in innumerable cures of infants.

Communicated by Dr. John Spangler, York town, Pennsylvania.

Letter from the reverend Mr. JOHN MOLTHER, minister of the Moravian church, in York town, York, January 4th, 1805.

DEAR SIR,

Dr. Hamilton's lozenges have been recommended to me as a very adequate means for the cure of children afflicted with worms. I procured a box for the use of my family, to try whether by means of this medicine I might be enabled to gain a point, which, as accomplished, different other means had proved abortive. My oldest boy had a very sickly appearance, was very restless at night, grew leaner from time to time; in short, he seemed to be in a precarious state of health, which would yield to none of the medicines administered, until I gave him two doses of lozenges, agreeably to the directions, which carried off a substance to all appearance a mere mucus but upon close inspection quite replete with very small living animals. Not one of that sort of worms which usually afflict children came from him. Since that period he grew remarkably better in health, and though lean, has got a fresh and lively complexion. Upon different occasions I have used this medicine as a purging substitute, and found it to answer exceedingly well, without bringing on belly-ache, or any other disagreeable sensations, so often occasioned by purging medicines. Upon the whole I judge this medicine to be, besides its main object, one of the most salutary means for restoring lost appetite, and promoting a proper state of digestion, by carrying off that bilious substance, which engenders so much indisposition both among children and adults.

I am, Sir, your most obedient servant,

**JOHN MOLTHER.**

**Dr. Hahn's true and genuine German Corn Plaster.**

An infallible remedy for corns, speedily removing them root and branch, without giving pain.

**The genuine Persian Lotion,**

So celebrated among the fashionable throughout Europe, as an invaluable cosmetic perfectly innocent and safe, free from corrosive and repellent minerals (the basis of other lotions) and of unparalleled efficacy in preventing and removing blemishes in the face, and skin of every kind, particularly freckles, pimples, inflammatory redness, scurfs, tetter, rings worms, sun burns, prickly heat, &c.

The Persian Lotion operates mildly, without impeding that natural, insensible perspiration

which is essential to health. Yet its salutary effects are speedy and permanent, rendering the skin delicately soft and clear, improving the complexion, and restoring the bloom of youth. Never failing to render an ordinary countenance beautiful, and an handsome one more so.

**The Restorative Powder for the Teeth and Gums.**

This excellent preparation comforts & strengthens the gums, preserves the enamel from decay, and cleanses and whitens the teeth, by absorbing all that acrimonious slime and faulness, which suffered to accumulate, never fails to injure and finally ruin them.

**Dr. Hahn's genuine Eye-Water.**

A sovereign remedy for all diseases of the eyes, whether the effect of natural weakness or of accident, deflections of rheum, dulciness, itching and films on the eyes, never failing to cure these maladies which frequently succeed the small pox, measles and fevers, and wonderfully strengthening a weak sight. Hundreds have experienced its excellent virtues, when nearly deprived of sight.

**Tooth Ache Drops.**

The only remedy yet discovered which gives immediate and lasting relief in the most severe instances.

**The sovereign Ointment for the Itch.**

Which is warranted an infallible remedy at one application, and may be used with perfect safety on pregnant women or on infants a week old, containing not a particle of mercury, or any other dangerous ingredient whatever, and is not accompanied with that tormenting smell, which attends the application of other remedies.

**The Anodyne Elixir.**

For the cure of every kind of head ache.

**Indian Vegetable Specific.**

A safe and speedy remedy for the venereal disease. "An ounce of prevention is worth a pound of cure."

For the prevention and cure of bilious and malig-

nant fevers,

AS RECOMMENDED

**Dr. Hahn's Anti-Bilious Pills.**

The operation of these pills is perfectly mild, so as to be used with safety by persons in every situation, and of every age.

They are excellently adapted to carry off the pernicious bile, and prevent its morbid secretions; to restore and amend the appetite; to procure a free perspiration, and thereby prevent colds, which are often attended with fatal consequences; a dose never fails to remove a cold, if taken on its first appearance. They are celebrated for removing habitual costiveness; sickness at the stomach, and severe head ache; and ought to be taken by all persons on a change of climate.

Sold likewise by S. Pleasants Richmond; Ross and Douglass, Petersburg; T. Green, Fredericksburgh; G. Purdie, Smithfield; M. Jones, Suffolk; Dr. Miller, Winchester; R. Greenhow, Williamsburgh; and J. Shaw, Leesburg.

**This is to give Notice,**

That the subscriber, of Alexandria county, in the district of Columbia, hath obtained from the Orphans' Court of said county, letters of administration on the personal estate of George Hoke, late of the county aforesaid, deceased—ALL PERSONS having claims against the said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit them with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, on or before the 19th day of February next, otherwise they may by law be excluded from all benefit to said estate. Given under my hand, this 19th day of August, 1805.

Ann Hoke, Administratrix.

By James Anderson, her Attorney.

N. B. All persons indebted to the above estate, are requested to make immediate payment, as above.

**To be HIRED or SOLD,**

For a term of years.

A NUMBER of valuable NEGROES—men, women, boys and girls—a majority of them have been accustomed to labor on a farm. Apply to the Printer.

September 10.

**WANTED,**

A MALE or FEMALE servant, accustomed to Cooking. Apply to the PRINTER.

Sept. 28.

**A NEW NOVEL.**

Just Published, by JOTTOM and STEWART, and for Sale, at their Store [PRICE ONE DOLLAR 75 CENTS.]

**Fleetwood:**

O R,

The NEW MAN OF FEELING. BY WILLIAM GODWIN. September 18.

**Valuable Lands for Sale.**

By virtue of a deed of trust executed by Henry Lee to the subscriber, for securing a debt due from the said Henry Lee, to William Ludwell Lee, deceased, the following TRACT or LAND will be sold at Public Auction, on the premises, on Monday, the 25th day of November, ensuing, for ready money: 2,800 acres, called Hollis's Marsh, lying in the county of Westmoreland, and State of Virginia, adjoining the Stratford estate, and bordering on the Potomac river.

(Signed)

Bushrod Washington.

Mount Vernon, Oct. 17.

**PUBLIC SALE.**

The Subscriber having removed into the State of Maryland, will offer for Sale, on the 27th day of November next, if fair, if not the next fair day:

All the Stock, of every description, upon his farm near this town:

ALSO, A number of valuable Negroes, for a term of years.

Terms made known on the day of sale. He will sell or rent said Farm on very advantageous terms.

John Carlyle Herbert.

October 7. 1805. 12th Nov. 1805.

**THE LOTS**

ADVERTISED for sale, in the Forest of Washington, have been laid off in such a manner, as to suit occupants of different descriptions. These sections of obtaining a beautiful situation, either for pleasure, or profit, are invited to inspect those now offered. The remainder of the year will be allowed free of rent, to those who may wish to improve at this time. It is hoped to form a pleasant village to be called

**MOUNT VERNON,**

In honor of the illustrious character from whom the forest is named.

John Ball, Agent.

Arlington, September 24.

**PUBLIC SALE.**

Pursuant to a decree of the Circuit Court of the district of Columbia for the county of Alexandria, will be sold at Public Auction, for ready money, on the 26th day of October next on the premises—

A HOUSE & LOT, with the Appurtenances, in the town of Alexandria,

Late the property and place of residence of JOSEPH CAREY, deceased.

The property will be sold free from any incumbrance, and the title will be conveyed by the Marshal to the purchaser, under the direction of the Court.

Daniel C. Brent,

Marshal, District of Columbia.

Marshal's Office Alexandria, 12th Aug. 1805.

**FOR SALE,**

IN PRINCE-WILLIAM COUNTY, Neabico Furnace, and its Appurtenances, with 4 or 5000 acres of Land adjoining,

NEAR the town of Dumfries, and within four miles of the Potomac. The soil is generally adapted to the produce of small grain—and, if too considerable for one purchaser, will be laid off in lots suitable for small farms. A description of the land is thought unnecessary, as those wishing to purchase will, no doubt, first view it. The payments required will be one third cash, and the balance in two annual installments, to be secured by a mortgage on the land, and no deed will be made until the last payment is completed with. Any person wishing to purchase, may know the terms by applying to Mr. Thomas T. Page, living near the premises; who is fully authorized by me, to sell the whole or any part.

John Tayloe.

Mount Airy, August 12.

N. B. A valuable Mine Bank, Maryland, may be had with the Farm.

This day is Published, for Sale at ROBERT GRAY'S Bookstore, and THIS OFFICE, (PRICE TWENTY-FIVE CENTS.)

**AN ABSTRACT**

OF AN

**APOLOGY,** For Renouncing the Jurisdiction OF THE SYNOD OF KENTUCKY.

A Compendious View of the GOSPEL, AND A FEW REMARKS ON THE CONFESSION OF FAITH.

By Robert Marshall, John Duvall, Richard M. Newar, Barton W. Stone, John Thompson.

May 2.

PRINTED DAILY, BY

S. S. SNOWDEN.